

Sprinkler Assessment Report


245 QUICK TRCE
RICHMOND VA 23234
RICHMOND CITY COUNTY

RISK ID: 45 VA97 007937

ON-SITE SURVEY: 1/4/2021

LAST UPDATE: 1/4/2021

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Building Sprinkler Credit:	Sprinkler Credit Received
Sprinkler Design Standard:	NFPA 13 Design
Sprinkler Grade:	57 (out of 100) 
Percent of Building Sprinklered:	100%
Sprinkler Demand Met:	92%
Hose Stream Demand Met:	0%

Automatic Sprinkler Grade Components	Deficiency Points
Water Supply	21
Sprinkler Components	15
Sprinkler Testing	5
Non-Sprinklered Areas	2
Rack Storage Obstructions	0
Building Conditions	0
Total Deficiency Points (Maximum of 100)	43
Automatic Sprinkler Grade	57
(Range 0-100, 100 being best)	

The Automatic Sprinkler Grading is based on a 100-point scale, with scores below 100 indicating that deficiencies exist in the system. The final grading is the difference between 100 and the sum of the points for each identified deficiency. Six major categories of sprinkler protection features are evaluated to arrive the final sprinkler grading.

* This assessment report is based on observations made by Verisk Field Representative's using Verisk's SCOPES methodology as the technical basis.

WATER SUPPLY

This section evaluates the adequacy of water supply available with respect to the sprinkler system demand, including details about system design, available water supply sources, and related deficiencies.

DESIGN INFORMATION & SPRINKLER DEMAND

Ground Floor Area:	30,299 Square Feet
Building Combustibility Class:	2
Elevation to the highest line of sprinklers:	60 Feet x 0.434 = 26 Elevation PSI
Sprinkler Design Method:	Hydraulic Calculation Method - Density/Area Curve

HYDRAULICALLY CALCULATED SYSTEM

Building Sprinkler Occupancy Class:	2
Sprinkler System Demand:	361 GPM at 74 PSI at base of riser
Hose Stream Demand:	250 GPM
Water Duration:	60 minutes

Determination of Sprinkler Occupancy Class (SPOC)			Hydraulically Designed Systems Information	
	Square Feet	Percentage	Density	0.200 GPM/sq.ft.
SPOC 3	2,522	2%	Remote Area	1,500 sq.ft.
SPOC 2	3,450	2%	Demand	361 GPM at 74 PSI at POC, Excluding 250 GPM Hose, 60 minutes duration
SPOC 1	145,523	96%		
Total	151,495	100%	Information source	CALC
			ESFR	No

SPOC is a determination of the overall occupancy hazard for the building for sprinkler system design, similar to the occupancy classifications (e.g., light hazard, ordinary hazard, etc.) in NFPA 13, Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems.

EVALUATION OF WATER SUPPLIES

Water Supply Sources							
Source	Supply Source / Location	Static Pressure (PSI)	Residual Pressure (PSI)	Flow (GPM)	Limited Storage Volume	Test Date	Feet Gauge Above/Below Riser
1	245 Quick Trace	68	59	2140		9/29/2020	

HYDRAULICALLY CALCULATED SYSTEMS

Water Supply Deficiency Evaluation							
Supply Source	Flow at Intersection (GPM)	Pressure at Intersection (PSI)	Storage Deficiency Percent	Deficient Storage Adjustment Factor	Deficient Pressure Adjustment Factor	Water Supply Deficiency Percentage	Points
Supply Source 1	333	68	N/A	1	1	8	6
System with worst demand:				Hydraulic			
Primary water supply source:				1			

DEFICIENCY DETAILS

Water Supply	Deficiency Points
Primary water supply deficiency	6
Secondary water supply deficiency <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No or insufficient secondary water supply 	10
Hose stream supply deficiency <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Insufficient hose stream supply 	5
Water Supply	21

SPRINKLER SYSTEM COMPONENTS

This section evaluates key system components and lists related deficiencies identified. Key components evaluated include those items that may have direct effects on sprinkler system performance, such as the condition and layout of valves, piping and sprinklers, and miscellaneous items of design, installation and maintenance.

DEFICIENCY DETAILS

Sprinkler System Components	Deficiency Points
Deficiency for miscellaneous items and maintenance <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No documentation for above ground hydrostatic test No documentation for underground hydrostatic and/or flushing test Insufficient spare sprinklers and/or no sprinkler wrench provided 	15
Sprinkler System Components	15

SPRINKLER SYSTEM TESTING

This section reviews the initial and periodic tests conducted for the sprinkler system in accordance with NFPA 25, Standard for the Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance of Water-based Fire Protection, including the initial flushing and hydrostatic testing of underground and aboveground piping, annual main drain test, dry-pipe valve trip test, fire pump discharge test and internal pipe exam.

Periodic Test Information		
	Date Installed	Date Tested
Main Drain	N/A	10/29/2019
Dry Pipe Valve	N/A	N/A
Fire Pump Perf	N/A	N/A
Internal Pipe Exam	N/A	N/A

DEFICIENCY DETAILS

Sprinkler System Testing	Deficiency Points
Deficiency for required periodic tests <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Outdated main drain test(s) 	5
Sprinkler System Testing	5

NON SPRINKLERED/OBSTRUCTED AREAS

This section identifies all unused and usable areas that lack required sprinkler protection in accordance with NFPA 13, Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems, and the specific requirements of the Specific Commercial Property Evaluation Schedule (SCOPEs).

Used Non-Sprinklered Area							
Description	Area in Sq.Ft.	% Total Occupied/Used Area	Area Adjustment Factor Type	Area Adjustment Factor Value	Adjusted Area Value	Listed In FRF 51?	Widely Scattered
Exercise room	356	0.2	All Others	1.0	356	Yes	No
Total	356				Total	356	

DEFICIENCY DETAILS

Non-Sprinklered/Obstructed Areas	Deficiency Points
Deficiency for used unsprinklered area <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No sprinkler protection for used area that requires sprinklers 	2
Non-Sprinklered/Obstructed Areas	2

RACK STORAGE OBSTRUCTIONS

DEFICIENCY DETAILS

Rack Storage Obstruction	Deficiency Points
No deficiencies observed	0
Rack Storage Obstruction	0

BUILDING CONDITIONS

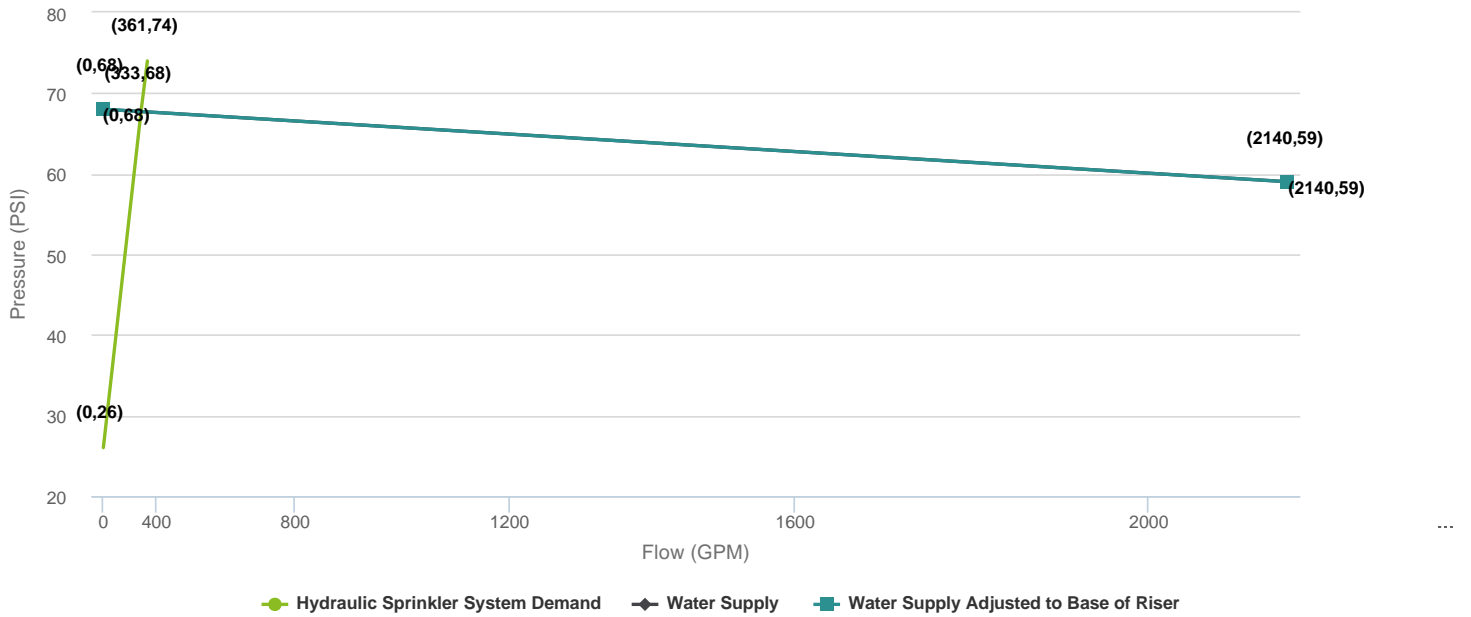
This section evaluates structural conditions in the building that can have negative impact on the effectiveness and efficiency of the sprinkler system, including unprotected floor openings, open sided levels and stories that have excessive single story height.

DEFICIENCY DETAILS

Building Condition	Deficiency Points
No deficiencies observed	0
Building Condition	0

HYDRAULIC GRAPH

Hydraulic graph is a graphical comparison of the available water supply and sprinkler system demand, which also displays the key variables used in the water supply assessment.



POLICY#/INSURED: N/A

ORDERED BY: ISO RISK DECISION SVCS (K. LOWERY)



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